Licensing Conditions I

Recall the various types of amateur license, Foundation, Intermediate and Full. Identify their callsigns including Regional Secondary Locators and optional suffixes

Types of License

Foundation M3xxx, M6xxx Intermediate 2E0xxx Full M0xxx

Regional Secondary Locators

D – Douglas – Isle of Man

E – England

U – Guernsey

J – Jersey

M - Scotland - Mel Gibson

W – Wales

I – Northern Ireland

Foundation and Full have RSL between the M and the number (MW6ABC or MI0PIC) but for Intermediate it is after the first number 2E0ABC 2W0XYZ etc.

Suffixes

/P – fixed location without its own address (e.g. a location for Field Day)

/M – Mobile – as a pedestrian or in a vehicle or WHERE ELSE? (on Inland Water)

/A – when at an alternative address such as a friend's house

/MM – can only be used by Full licensees but you may need this for the Intermediate exam.

Examples:-

2I0JRU

M6ABC/P

MU0QRM/A

2D0DUR/MM

Licensing Conditions I

2a.1 Recall that an Intermediate Licensee may operate...

You can supervise other amateurs using YOUR equipment and YOUR callsign.

As it is YOUR callsign that is being used you must be there to supervise – even if they have a Full License.

You can operate another person's equipment under their callsign with their supervision using their license conditions.

WHO is supervising and WHOSE callsign are you using?

Other amateurs can use your equipment unsupervised but must operate with their callsign and license conditions.

2b.1 Must not be used for business or advertising purposes

Amateur radio is for personal topics and amateur radio activities

You can't use AR for business purposes

You can't pass messages for other groups that are not amateur radio related

2b.2 User Services

Police, Fire, Ambulance, Coastguard, British Red Cross, St John Ambulance, St Andrews Ambulance Association, Women's Royal Voluntary Service (WRVS), Salvation Army, Any Government Department.

2c.1 – Transmit callsign printed on the license when establishing contact and every 15 minutes thereafter

When making CQ calls

Every 15 minutes

Whenever you change frequency

If using a type of transmission (e.g. SSB) callsign must be given in that type of transmission

On the same frequency as the one being used for the communication

Licensing Conditions I

2c.2 Recall meaning of Main Station Address, Alternative Address, Temporary Location and Mobile Main station – one on the license

Alternative address – one that is different to the main station address – fixed postal address

Temporary Location – fixed, not the main station address or alternative address (Field Day)

Mobile – located in the UK, vehicle, pedestrian or inland waters

2c.3 Aircraft and maritime

Not allowed from a plane, nor on the seaward side of the low water line

2c.4 Use abroad

Intermediate not routinely recognised.